



STATUS	POLICY	POLICY AREA	POLICY CATEGORY	YEAR ENACTED
Enacted	Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reduction Targets 45% by 2030 Relative to 2005 levels Establishing Policies • Executive Order 2019-003 (2019)	Climate Governance and Equity	Climate Governance	2019
Enacted	Climate Action Plans New Mexico Climate Strategy: 2020 Progress and Recommendations Establishing Policies • Executive Order 2019-003 (2019) • New Mexico Climate Strategy: 2020 Progress and Recommendations (2020)	Climate Governance and Equity	Climate Governance	2020
Enacted	State Greenhouse Gas Emissions Inventory The 2005-2021 Greenhouse Gas Emissions Inventory was published in December 2024. Establishing Policies • Executive Order 2019-003 (2019) • 2005-2021 Greenhouse Gas Emissions Inventory (2024)	Climate Governance and Equity	Climate Governance	2024



STATUS	POLICY	POLICY AREA	POLICY CATEGORY	YEAR ENACTED
Enacted	Climate Bureaucracy Interagency Climate Change Task Force Climate Change Bureau Establishing Policies • Executive Order 2019-003 (2019) • Interagency Climate Change Task Force • Climate Change Bureau	Climate Governance and Equity	Climate Governance	2019

Climate Advisory Bodies



Climate advisory bodies often write or advise on a state's climate plan, and make non-binding recommendations on climate policy design and implementation. The bodies can consist of all nongovernment members, or be a mix of government and nongovernment members.

Climate

Governance and Equity

Climate Governance





POLICY YEAR **STATUS POLICY** POLICY AREA **CATEGORY ENACTED Environmental Justice Community Definitions** "Disproportionately impacted communities" are communities or populations of people for which multiple burdens, including environmental and socioeconomic stressors, inequity, poverty, high unemployment, pollution, or discrimination, may act to Climate persistently and negatively affect **Environmental** their health, well-being, and Governance Enacted Justice and 2021 environment; includes tribal **Equity** and Equity communities, communities of color. low-income rural communities, native people, people of color, women, immigrants, youth, formerly incarcerated people, LGBTQ people, and people with disabilities. **Establishing Policies** • SB 112 (2021)

Environmental Justice Mapping

Tools



Environmental justice (EJ) mapping tools are interactive maps that visualize key EJ concepts, such as demographic information, EJ community definitions, and environmental and public health threats.

Climate

Governance and Equity

Environmental Justice and Equity



STATUS	POLICY	POLICY AREA	POLICY CATEGORY	YEAR ENACTED
Not Enacted	Environmental Justice Community Investment Requirements Environmental justice (EJ) community investment requirements help ensure communities most impacted by environmental burdens are benefitting equitably from public programs by requiring a certain percentage of funds and/or benefits from other policies are allocated to EJ communities.	Climate Governance and Equity	Environmental Justice and Equity	
Enacted	Environmental Justice Bureaucracy NMED – Environmental Justice Coordinator Establishing Policies • NMED – Environmental Justice Coordinator	Climate Governance and Equity	Environmental Justice and Equity	
Not Enacted	Environmental Justice Advisory Bodies Environmental justice (EJ) advisory bodies are responsible for making recommendations on EJ policy, integrating EJ and equity principles into climate policy, and increasing public engagement. These bodies can consist of all non-government members, or be a mix of government and non-government members.	Climate Governance and Equity	Environmental Justice and Equity	



STATUS	POLICY	POLICY AREA	POLICY CATEGORY	YEAR ENACTED
Not Enacted	Cumulative Impact Assessment Cumulative impact assessments determine the health and environmental impacts of renewing or granting a permit for certain pollution-generating facilities in environmental justice communities. Increased pollution burdens in communities may result in the permit application being denied.	Climate Governance and Equity	Environmental Justice and Equity	
Enacted	Just Transition Plans Empower and Collaborate - New Mexico's Economic Path Forward Establishing Policies • SB 112 (2021) • Empower and Collaborate - New Mexico's Economic Path Forward (2023)	Climate Governance and Equity	Just Transition	2023
Enacted	Just Transition Offices and Staff Just Transition Advisor within the Economic Development Department Establishing Policies • EDD Welcomes Kayla Lucero-Matteucci as Just Transition Advisor (2023)	Climate Governance and Equity	Just Transition	2023





STATUS	POLICY	POLICY AREA	POLICY CATEGORY	YEAR ENACTED
Enacted	Just Transition Advisory Bodies Sustainable Economy Task Force and Sustainable Economy Advisory Council Establishing Policies SB 112 (2021) Sustainable Economy Task Force and Advisory Council	Climate Governance and Equity	Just Transition	2021
Enacted	Just Transition Funds The Energy Trandistion Act Displaced Worker Assistance Fund offers eligible displaced workers the option of choosing between a one-time wage differential payment or a program that will support training, education or apprenticeship for up to two years. Establishing Policies • SB 489 (2019)	Climate Governance and Equity	Just Transition	2019
Enacted	Green Banks New Mexico Climate Investment Center Establishing Policies • New Mexico Climate Investment Center	Cross-Sector	Climate Finance	2023





STATUS	POLICY	POLICY AREA	POLICY CATEGORY	YEAR ENACTED
Not Enacted	Carbon Pollution Pricing Carbon pollution pricing establishes a pollution fee or cap- and-trade program on the greenhouse gas emissions associated with each sector/source of emissions within the state. Programs typically cover the electricity, buildings, transportation, and/or industrial sectors.	Cross-Sector	Carbon Valuation	
Not Enacted	Social Cost of Carbon The social cost of carbon is a monetary estimate of the damage of each ton of greenhouse gases emitted. The social cost of carbon is used to quantify and monetize climate damages, representing the net economic cost of climate pollution to society.	Cross-Sector	Carbon Valuation	
Enacted	Clean Energy and Renewable Portfolio Standards 40% renewable energy by 2025 80% by 2040 100% zero-carbon electricity by 2045 Establishing Policies • SB 489 (2019)	Electricity	Energy Plans and Targets	2019

STATUS	POLICY	POLICY AREA	POLICY CATEGORY	YEAR ENACTED
Not Enacted	Electricity Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reduction Targets Electricity greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions reduction targets are set by a state to limit GHG emissions in the electricity sector. These targets aim to reduce emissions by different amounts over time, often expressed as percentage relative to a baseline year.	Electricity	Energy Plans and Targets	
Not Enacted	Clean Energy Plans Clean energy plans are documents that outline the policies and strategies states can implement to meet clean energy targets. Draft plans are often published first, and after a period of public comments and revisions, a final plan is released.	Electricity	Energy Plans and Targets	
Not Enacted	Distributed Generation Carveout The State Policy Opportunity Tracker (SPOT) breaks clean energy policies down into "components", which are binary questions to evaluate policy quality. Higher quality policies have more of their SPOT components fulfilled. Establishing Policies • SPOT – Generation Carveouts in New Mexico Policy Components O/5	Electricity	Clean Energy Generation	



POLICY YEAR **STATUS POLICY POLICY AREA CATEGORY ENACTED Net Metering** The State Policy Opportunity Tracker (SPOT) breaks clean energy policies down into "components", which are binary questions to evaluate policy quality. Higher quality policies have more of their SPOT components fulfilled. Partially **Clean Energy** Electricity Enacted Generation **Establishing Policies** • SPOT - Net Metering in **New Mexico** • SPOT - Aggregate Net Metering in New Mexico **Policy Components** 5/11

Shared Renewables

The State Policy Opportunity
Tracker (SPOT) breaks clean
energy policies down into
"components", which are binary
questions to evaluate policy
quality. Higher quality policies
have more of their SPOT
components fulfilled.

Establishing Policies

 SPOT - Shared Renewables in New Mexico

Policy Components



3/6

Partially

Enacted

Electricity

Clean Energy Generation



STATUS	POLICY	POLICY AREA	POLICY CATEGORY	YEAR ENACTED
Not Enacted	Community Choice Aggregation Community choice aggregation allows local governments to procure power on behalf of their residents, businesses, and municipal accounts from an alternative supplier while still receiving transmission and distribution service from their existing utility provider.	Electricity	Clean Energy Generation	
Not Enacted	Energy Storage Targets Energy storage targets establish procurement targets for energy storage systems by a certain date, often with interim targets. Targets can vary from broad megawatt (MW) requirements to more specific mandates that focus on the adoption of certain storage technologies.	Electricity	Transmission, Distribution, and Energy Storage	
Enacted	Interconnection Standards New Mexico received an A grade from Freeing the Grid. Establishing Policies • Freeing the Grid New Mexico Grade (2023)	Electricity	Transmission, Distribution, and Energy Storage	2023
Enacted	Coal Phaseouts Requires 100% zero-carbon electricity by 2045, effectively eliminating coal from its electricity portfolio. Establishing Policies • SB 489 (2019)	Electricity	Coal Retirement	2019

STATUS	POLICY	POLICY AREA	POLICY CATEGORY	YEAR ENACTED
Enacted	Coal Plant Securitization Allocates \$30 million for coal plant decommissioning and reclamation costs through securitization Establishing Policies • SB 489 (2019)	Electricity	Coal Retirement	2019
Enacted	Residential Energy Codes The statewide energy code for residential construction is 2021 IECC with amendments. Establishing Policies • New Mexico State Energy Code (2024)	Buildings and Efficiency	Building Codes	2024
Enacted	Commercial Energy Codes The statewide energy code for commercial building construction is 2021 IECC and ASHRAE 90.1-2019 with amendments. Establishing Policies New Mexico State Energy Code (2024)	Buildings and Efficiency	Building Codes	2024
Not Enacted	Stretch Building Energy Codes Stretch building energy codes are an optional, more stringent building code established by the state that local jurisdictions can adopt to require that newly constructed buildings are more efficient than the baseline state codes.	Buildings and Efficiency	Building Codes	



STATUS	POLICY	POLICY AREA	POLICY CATEGORY	YEAR ENACTED
Not Enacted	Appliance Standards Appliance standards set minimum energy and water conservation requirements for appliances and equipment.	Buildings and Efficiency	Building Standards	
Not Enacted	Building Performance Standards Building performance standards establish energy and/or greenhouse gas performance targets for existing buildings in a state. These targets increase in stringency over time, leading to efficiency improvements in buildings to conserve energy and reduce emissions.	Buildings and Efficiency	Building Standards	
Not Enacted	Clean Heat Standards Clean heat standards establish a performance standard requiring heat providers to deliver a gradually-increasing percentage of low-emission heating services to customers.	Buildings and Efficiency	Building Standards	
Enacted	Energy Efficiency Resource Standards (EERS) Electric utilities are required to achieve energy savings equivalent to 5% of 2020 total retail electricity sales between 2021-2025. The Public Regulation Commission must set savings targets for 2026-2030. Gas utilities are not subject to an EERS. Establishing Policies • HB 291 (2019)	Buildings and Efficiency	Building Efficiency	2019

STATUS	POLICY	POLICY AREA	POLICY CATEGORY	YEAR ENACTED
☑ In- Progress	Property Assessed Clean Energy (PACE) New Mexico has enacted commercial PACE-enabling legislation and is developing programs. Establishing Policies • SB 647 (2009)	Buildings and Efficiency	Building Efficiency	2009
Partially Enacted	Weatherization Funding The State Policy Opportunity Tracker (SPOT) breaks clean energy policies down into "components", which are binary questions to evaluate policy quality. Higher quality policies have more of their SPOT components fulfilled. Establishing Policies • SPOT - Weatherization Funding in New Mexico Policy Components • 1	Buildings and Efficiency	Building Efficiency	
Not Enacted	All-electric Buildings All-electric buildings policies require new buildings to be constructed with all-electric heating, cooling, and cooking systems to transition away from fossil-fuel use in buildings.	Buildings and Efficiency	Building Electrification	

STATUS	POLICY	POLICY AREA	POLICY CATEGORY	YEAR ENACTED
Enacted	Low-Emission Vehicle (LEV) Standards Clean Cars New Mexico Establishing Policies • 20.11.104 NMAC (2023) • Clean Cars New Mexico	Transportation	Light-Duty Vehicles	2023
Enacted	Zero-Emission Vehicle (ZEV) Mandates Model Year (MY) 2027: 43% of new passenger vehicle sales are ZEVs MY 2030: 68% of new sales are ZEVs MY 2035: 100% of new sales are ZEVs, with up to 20% being hybrid or hydrogen-powered vehicles Establishing Policies • Advanced Clean Cars II (2023) • Advanced Clean Cars II Program	Transportation	Light-Duty Vehicles	2023
Not Enacted	Electric Vehicle Rebates Electric vehicle rebates offer rebates to make light-duty electric vehicles more affordable to increase their adoption in a state.	Transportation	Light-Duty Vehicles	



STATUS	POLICY	POLICY AREA	POLICY CATEGORY	YEAR ENACTED
Not Enacted	Low NOx Omnibus Rules Low NOx Omnibus Rules establish stringent tailpipe emission standards for heavy duty vehicles, updated testing procedures, and technology-neutral compliance mechanisms to reduce nitrous oxide (NOx) pollution. The regulation must be adopted first by California, and other states may adopt the regulation under the federal Clean Air Act.	Transportation	Medium- and Heavy-Duty Vehicles	
Enacted	Medium- and Heavy-Duty (MHD) Zero-Emission Vehicle (ZEV) Mandates By 2035: 55% of Class 2b-3 truck sales are zero-emissions 75% of Class 4-8 straight truck sales are zero-emissions 40% of Class 7-8 tractor sales are zero-emissions. Establishing Policies • Advanced Clean Trucks Rule (2023) • Advanced Clean Trucks Program	Transportation	Medium- and Heavy-Duty Vehicles	2023
Not Enacted	Medium- and Heavy-Duty Electric Vehicle (EV) Rebates Medium- and heavy-duty (MHD) electric vehicle rebates consist of programs and policies that offer rebates to make MHD electric vehicles more affordable to increase their adoption in a state.	Transportation	Medium- and Heavy-Duty Vehicles	

STATUS	POLICY	POLICY AREA	POLICY CATEGORY	YEAR ENACTED
Enacted	Public Fleet Electric Vehicle (EV) Procurement Targets 100% of non-emergency public vehicles are ZEVs by 2035 Establishing Policies • Executive Order 2023-138 (2023)	Transportation	Lead by Example	2023
Not Enacted	Electric Bus Procurement Targets Electric bus procurement targets require that a certain percentage or number of school buses and/or transit buses purchased or leased by the state, transit authorities, and/or school districts must be electric or zero-emissions.	Transportation	Lead by Example	
Not Enacted	Electric Vehicle (EV) Charging Infrastructure Requirements Electric vehicle (EV) charging infrastructure requirements establish mandates for the installation of EV charging infrastructure in new construction or developments, such as residential or commercial buildings, and public parking lots.	Transportation	EV Charging Infrastructure	
Not Enacted	Electric Vehicle (EV) Charging Infrastructure Rebates Electric vehicle (EV) charging infrastructure rebates offer rebates to make the purchase and/or installation costs of EV charging infrastructure more affordable.	Transportation	EV Charging Infrastructure	



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Not Enacted	Electric Vehicle (EV) and EV Charging Infrastructure Plans Electric vehicle (EV) and EV charging infrastructure plans are documents that provide a framework to guide the development, coordination, and adoption of EVs and EV charging infrastructure.	Transportation	Transportation Plans and Targets	
Not Enacted	Transportation Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reduction Targets Transportation greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions reduction targets are set by a state to limit emissions in the transportation sector. These targets aim to reduce emissions by specific amounts over time, often expressed as a percentage reduction from a baseline year.	Transportation	Transportation Plans and Targets	
Enacted	Low Carbon Fuel Standards Requires the Environmental Improvement Board to promulgate rules for a Clean Transportation Fuel Standard by July 1, 2026. Establishing Policies • HB 41 (2024)	Transportation	Transportation Plans and Targets	2024



STATUS	POLICY	POLICY AREA	POLICY CATEGORY	YEAR ENACTED
	Bicycle Friendly States New Mexico is ranked 35th out of 50 in the 2024 Bicycle Friendly			
Partially	State rankings by the League of American Bicyclists. Establishing Policies	Transportation	Public and Active Transportation	
Enacted	New Mexico Bicycle Friendly State Scorecard			
	Policy Components 3/5			
Not Enacted	Buy Clean Requirements Buy clean requirements mandate or incentivize the use of low-carbon construction materials, such as concrete and steel, in public projects to address embodied carbon.	Industry, Materials, and Waste Management	Industrial Decarbonization	
	Hydrofluorocarbon (HFC)			
Not Enacted	Regulations Hydrofluorocarbon (HFC) regulations include phasedown commitments, rulemakings, disclosure requirements, bans, or other measures that reduce HFC usage and emissions.	Industry, Materials, and Waste Waste Management F-gas Regulations		
	Sulfur Hexafluoride (SF6)			
Not Enacted	Regulations Sulfur hexafluoride (SF6) regulations include phasedown commitments, reporting requirements, bans, or other measures that reduce SF6 usage and emissions.	Industry, Materials, and Waste Management	F-gas Regulations	

STATUS	POLICY	POLICY AREA	POLICY CATEGORY	YEAR ENACTED
	Oil and Gas Methane Regulations			
	Oil and gas operators are required to capture 98% of their waste natural gas by the end of 2026.			
Enacted	Oil and gas operators are required to calculate emission rates, perform monthly checks for leaks and fix them within 15 days, and achieve state-determined emission reduction requirements for certain equipment and processes.	Industry, Materials, and Waste Management	Oil and Gas Regulations	2022
	Establishing Policies			
	19.15.27 NMAC (2021)19.15.28 NMAC (2021)20.2.50 NMAC (2022)			
	Fracking Bans			
Not Enacted	Fracking bans prohibit the practice of hydraulic fracking for the production of oil and/or natural gas by a certain year. Legislation often requires an environmental agency or department to promulgate regulations.	Industry, Materials, and Waste Management	Oil and Gas Regulations	
Not Enacted	Landfill Methane Regulations Landfill methane regulations include rulemakings, emissions monitoring, emissions control, or	Industry, Materials, and Waste	Waste	
	other measures that reduce methane emissions from decaying organic waste in landfills.	Management	Management	



STATUS	POLICY	POLICY AREA	POLICY CATEGORY	YEAR ENACTED
Not Enacted	Food Waste Bans and Targets Food waste bans and targets include policies that prohibit certain entities that generate specified amounts of food waste (typically commercial businesses and larger institutions) from sending this waste to landfills. Targets aim to reduce total food waste by a certain percentage each target year.	Industry, Materials, and Waste Management	Waste Management	
Enacted	Agriculture Financial Incentives The New Mexico Healthy Soils Program provides grants to implement on-the-ground projects that improve soil health and maximize biodiversity. Establishing Policies • HB 204 (2019) • New Mexico Healthy Soils Program	Natural and Working Lands	Agriculture	2019
Not Enacted	Agriculture Technical Assistance Programs Agriculture technical assistance programs provide state-driven technical assistance, apprenticeship and mentorship programs, and support securing additional funding for farmers to increase uptake of soil health practices.	Natural and Working Lands	Agriculture	